Name _____ Date _____

Compare Two Texts

Read both texts about wolves. Then answer the questions.

Text 1

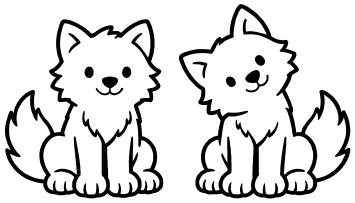
Life in a Pack



Wolves live in family groups called packs. A pack is often a mother, a father and their young. The wolves in a pack hunt together, so they can catch big animals like deer. Wolves howl to call to each other. A howl also tells other packs to stay away.

Text 2

Wolf Pups



A wolf pup's family is called a pack. Wolf pups are born in a den, a safe hole in the ground. At first the pups cannot see or hear, and their mother feeds them milk. When they are a few weeks old, they come out to play. The whole pack helps take care of the pups and brings them meat.

1. Wolves hunt together. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both**

2. Pups are born in a den. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both**

3. Wolves live in packs. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both**

4. How are the main points of the two texts different?

© 2026 Eggroll Games

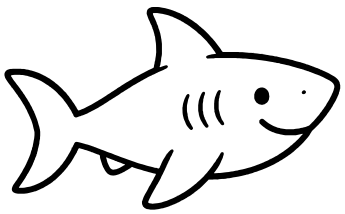
Name _____ Date _____

Compare Two Texts

Read both texts about sharks. Then answer the questions.

Text 1

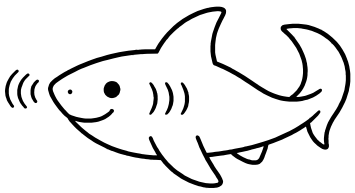
Shark Teeth



Sharks are fish with rows of sharp teeth. When a tooth falls out, a new one moves up to take its place. Some sharks lose thousands of teeth in their lives. That is why people often find shark teeth on the beach.

Text 2

How Sharks Find Food



Sharks are fish with super senses. A shark can smell a tiny bit of blood in the water. It can feel fish moving nearby. Up close, it can even sense the weak electric signals that all animals give off.

1. Sharks are fish. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both**

2. A shark can smell blood in the water. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both**

3. A shark grows new teeth. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both**

4. Which text would you read to learn how a shark finds food? Why?

© 2026 Eggroll Games

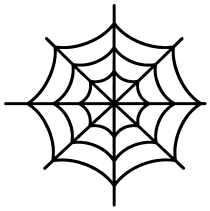
Name _____ Date _____

Compare Two Texts

Read both texts about spiders. Then answer the questions.

Text 1

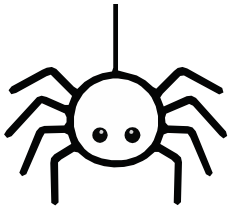
Spider Silk



A spider has eight legs, and all spiders make silk. Many spiders spin webs to catch food. Spiders also use silk to wrap up their eggs. Some make a safety line of silk that catches them if they fall.

Text 2

Spiders That Hunt



Not every spider catches food in a web. A jumping spider has big eyes that see very well. It sneaks up on a bug and pounces on it! A wolf spider runs after its food on the ground. Like all spiders, these hunters have eight legs.

1. Spiders wrap their eggs in silk. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both**

2. Spiders have eight legs. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both**

3. Some spiders catch food without a web. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both**

4. What is the main point of each text?

© 2026 Eggroll Games

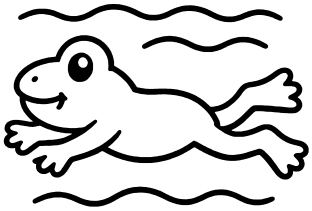
Name _____ Date _____

Compare Two Texts

Read both texts about frogs and toads. Then answer the questions.

Text 1

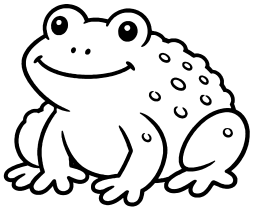
Frogs



Most frogs have smooth, wet skin. Their long back legs are made for jumping far and for swimming. Most frogs live in or near water, such as ponds and streams. Most frogs lay their eggs in water, too.

Text 2

Toads



A toad is a kind of frog. Most toads have dry, bumpy skin. Their back legs are shorter, so they take short hops or walk. Many toads live on land, away from ponds and streams, but they still lay their eggs in water.

1. These animals have dry, bumpy skin. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both**

2. These animals have long back legs for jumping far. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both**

3. These animals lay their eggs in water. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both**

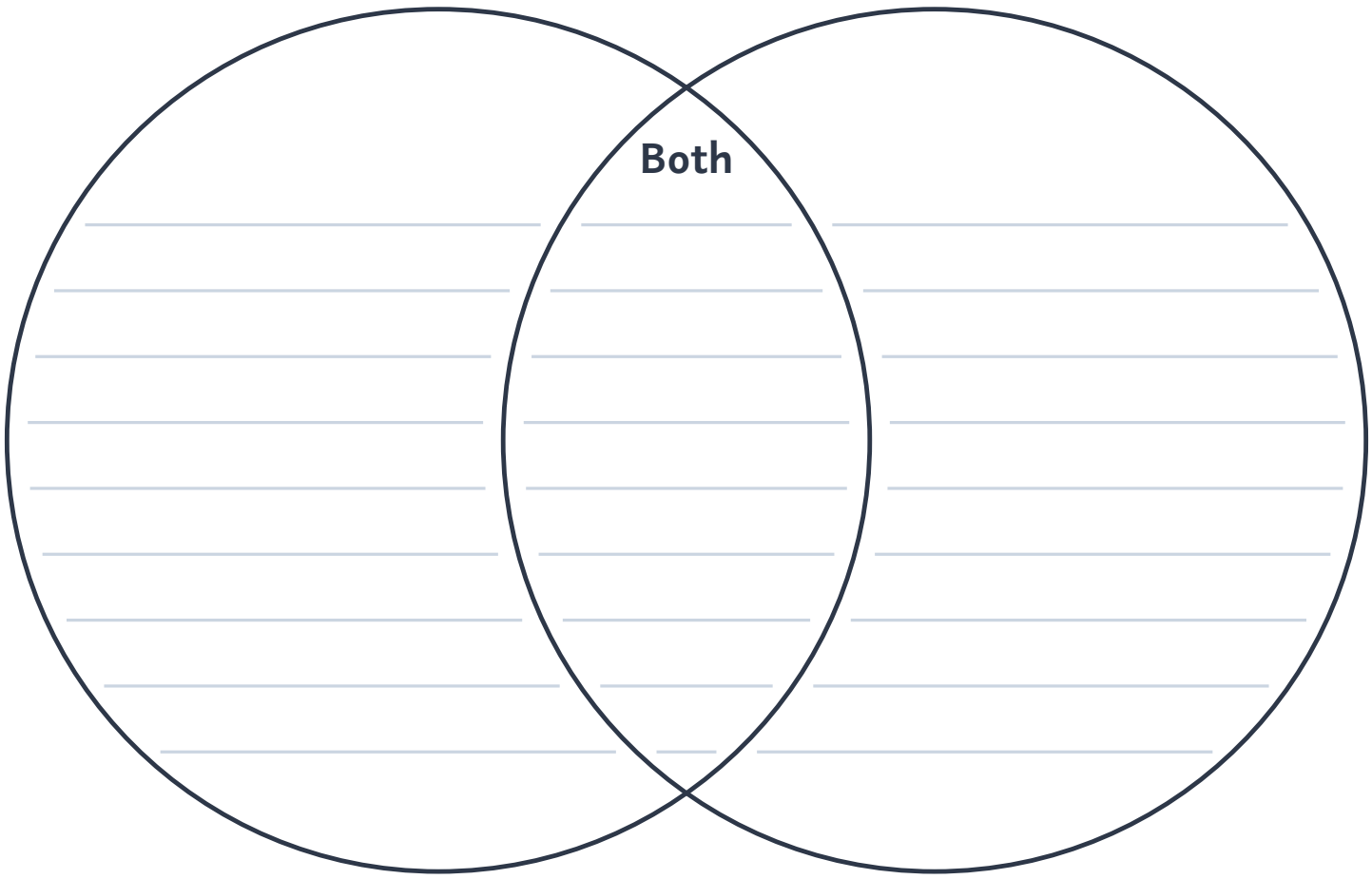
4. How are frogs and toads different? Use both texts.

© 2026 Eggroll Games

Name _____ Date _____

Compare Two Texts

Write what each text tells, and what both tell, in the circles.



What is the most important point both texts make?

© 2026 Eggroll Games

Name _____ Date _____

Compare Two Texts

Write the title of each text. Then compare them point by point.

	Text 1	Text 2
	_____ title	_____ title
Main topic		
Main points		
Key details		
Pictures and features captions, headings		
What only this text tells		

© 2026 Eggroll Games

Compare Two Texts

Read both texts about wolves. Then answer the questions.

Text 1

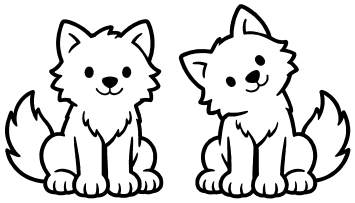
Life in a Pack



Wolves live in family groups called packs. A pack is often a mother, a father and their young. The wolves in a pack hunt together, so they can catch big animals like deer. Wolves howl to call to each other. A howl also tells other packs to stay away.

Text 2

Wolf Pups



A wolf pup's family is called a pack. Wolf pups are born in a den, a safe hole in the ground. At first the pups cannot see or hear, and their mother feeds them milk. When they are a few weeks old, they come out to play. The whole pack helps take care of the pups and brings them meat.

1. Wolves hunt together. **(Text 1)** Text 2 both

2. Pups are born in a den. Text 1 **(Text 2)** both

3. Wolves live in packs. Text 1 Text 2 **(both)**

4. How are the main points of the two texts different?

Text 1 tells how a wolf pack lives and hunts. Text 2 tells how wolf pups grow up.

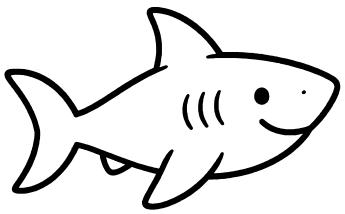
© 2026 Eggroll Games

Compare Two Texts

Read both texts about sharks. Then answer the questions.

Text 1

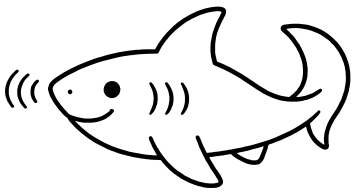
Shark Teeth



Sharks are fish with rows of sharp teeth. When a tooth falls out, a new one moves up to take its place. Some sharks lose thousands of teeth in their lives. That is why people often find shark teeth on the beach.

Text 2

How Sharks Find Food



Sharks are fish with super senses. A shark can smell a tiny bit of blood in the water. It can feel fish moving nearby. Up close, it can even sense the weak electric signals that all animals give off.

1. Sharks are fish. **Text 1** **Text 2** **both** (both)

2. A shark can smell blood in the water. **Text 1** **Text 2** (Text 2) **both**

3. A shark grows new teeth. (Text 1) **Text 2** **both**

4. Which text would you read to learn how a shark finds food? Why?

Text 2, because its heading and main point are about how sharks find food.

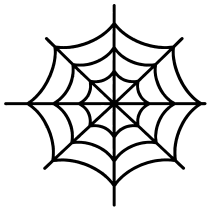
© 2026 Eggroll Games

Compare Two Texts

Read both texts about spiders. Then answer the questions.

Text 1

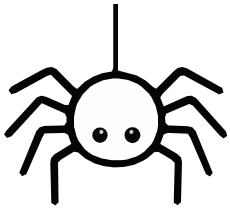
Spider Silk



A spider has eight legs, and all spiders make silk. Many spiders spin webs to catch food. Spiders also use silk to wrap up their eggs. Some make a safety line of silk that catches them if they fall.

Text 2

Spiders That Hunt



Not every spider catches food in a web. A jumping spider has big eyes that see very well. It sneaks up on a bug and pounces on it! A wolf spider runs after its food on the ground. Like all spiders, these hunters have eight legs.

1. Spiders wrap their eggs in silk. **(Text 1)** Text 2 both

2. Spiders have eight legs. Text 1 Text 2 **(both)**

3. Some spiders catch food without a web. Text 1 **(Text 2)** both

4. What is the main point of each text?

Text 1: how spiders use silk. Text 2: how some spiders hunt without a web.

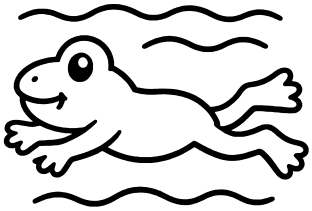
© 2026 Eggroll Games

Compare Two Texts

Read both texts about frogs and toads. Then answer the questions.

Text 1

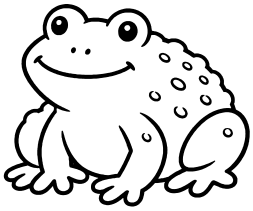
Frogs



Most frogs have smooth, wet skin. Their long back legs are made for jumping far and for swimming. Most frogs live in or near water, such as ponds and streams. Most frogs lay their eggs in water, too.

Text 2

Toads



A toad is a kind of frog. Most toads have dry, bumpy skin. Their back legs are shorter, so they take short hops or walk. Many toads live on land, away from ponds and streams, but they still lay their eggs in water.

1. These animals have dry, bumpy skin. **Text 1** **(Text 2)** **both**

2. These animals have long back legs for jumping far. **(Text 1)** **Text 2** **both**

3. These animals lay their eggs in water. **Text 1** **Text 2** **(both)**

4. How are frogs and toads different? Use both texts.

Most frogs have smooth, wet skin and long legs. Most toads have dry, bumpy skin and short legs.

© 2026 Eggroll Games