Name _____ Date _____



Wild Rice Harvest Math

Multiply and divide the harvest. Fill in the table, then solve.



Two ricers share a canoe. One stands and pushes it with a long pole. The other sits and brushes ripe grain into the canoe with two cedar sticks called knockers. A good day can bring in **100** pounds of green rice.

Green rice brought in on one day

Canoes	Pounds in each canoe	Pounds in all
3	64	192
4	85	
6	72	
5	98	
7		805
8		360
	120	1,080

1. Two ricers bring in **86** pounds of green rice a day. How many pounds do they bring in over **7** days?

Example

86 × 7 = 602

602 pounds

2. A rice camp's **8** canoes bring in **768** pounds of green rice in one day, the same in each canoe. How many pounds does each canoe bring in?

_____ pounds

3. A push pole is about **17** feet long. How many inches long is it? (1 foot = **12** inches)

_____ inches

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Name _____ Date _____



Wild Rice Harvest Math

Change green rice to finished rice. Then solve.



Green rice is finished by hand: dried, parched over a fire, danced on to loosen the hulls, then winnowed in a tray. About **100** pounds of green rice make about **40** pounds of finished rice: every **10** pounds make about **4** pounds.

Green rice (pounds)	10	20	50	____	130	200	____
Finished rice (about)	4	____	____	32	____	____	100

1. A family harvests **120** pounds of green rice. About how many pounds of finished rice will it make?

$$120 \div 10 \times 4 = 48$$

Example

48 pounds

2. Green rice is parched in a kettle, **6** pounds at a time. How many kettles of rice is **84** pounds?

____ kettles

3. After winnowing, a family has **56** pounds of finished rice. About how many pounds of green rice did they start with?

____ pounds

4. Five canoes each bring in **60** pounds of green rice. About how many pounds of finished rice will it all make?

____ pounds

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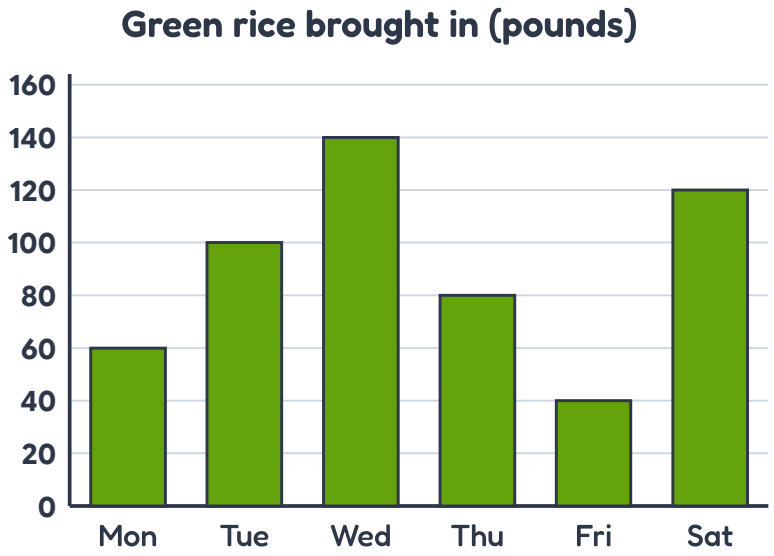
Wild Rice Harvest Math

Read the graph to fill in the table. Then answer.



Rice on a lake does not ripen all at once, so ricers go out again and again for three or four weeks. The graph shows the green rice one canoe brought in each day.

Day	Pounds
Monday	60
Tuesday	
Wednesday	
Thursday	
Friday	
Saturday	



1. How many pounds of green rice did the canoe bring in that week?

_____ pounds

2. How many more pounds came in on the best day than on the smallest day?

_____ pounds

3. About how many pounds of finished rice will the week's rice make?

_____ pounds

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Name _____ Date _____



Wild Rice Harvest Math

Change pounds to ounces. Then solve each problem.



1 pound = 16 ounces.
Finished rice keeps for a long time. Families pack it in bags to eat through the year and to share.

Pounds	1	2	3	____	5	6	8	____
Ounces	16	____	____	64	____	____	____	160

1. A bag holds 2 pounds 8 ounces of finished rice. How many ounces is that?

$$2 \times 16 + 8 = 40$$

Example 40 ounces

2. A family packs 96 ounces of rice into 1-pound bags. How many bags do they fill?

____ bags

3. Three pounds of rice are shared equally by 4 families. How many ounces does each family get?

____ ounces

4. One bag holds 1 pound 12 ounces. Another holds 2 pounds 6 ounces. How much rice is there in all?

____ pounds ____ ounces

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Wild Rice Harvest Math

Divide. Think about what the remainder means.



After you divide, ask what the remainder means. Do we need one more bag or trip? Do we count only the full ones? Or do we say how much is left over?

1. A family has **50** pounds of finished rice to put into 4-pound bags. How many bags can they fill all the way?

   50 ÷ 4 = 12 R 2

   Example

   12 full bags

2. A family parches **38** pounds of green rice, **5** pounds at a time. How many times must they fill the kettle to parch it all?

   _____ times

3. **29** ricers come to the lake, and **2** ricers go in each canoe. How many canoes do they need so everyone can go?

   _____ canoes

4. **75** pounds of rice are shared equally by **6** families. How many whole pounds does each family get? How many are left?

   _____ each, _____ left over

5. A family winnows **44** pounds of rice, **3** pounds in each tray. How many trays of rice must they winnow to do it all?

   _____ trays

6. A rice camp fills 8-pound bags from **100** pounds of finished rice. How many full bags? How many pounds are left?

   _____ bags, _____ pounds left

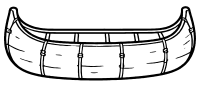
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Name _____ Date _____



Wild Rice Harvest Math

Multiply and divide the harvest. Fill in the table, then solve.



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Green rice brought in on one day

Canoes	Pounds in each canoe	Pounds in all
3	64	192
4	85	
6	72	
5	98	
7		805
8		360
	120	1,080

1. Two ricers bring in **86** pounds of green rice a day. How many pounds do they bring in over **7** days?

Example

86 × 7 = 602

602 pounds

2. A rice camp's **8** canoes bring in **768** pounds of green rice in one day, the same in each canoe. How many pounds does each canoe bring in?

_____ pounds

3. A push pole is about **17** feet long. How many inches long is it? (1 foot = **12** inches)

_____ inches

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Wild Rice Harvest Math

Change green rice to finished rice. Then solve.



Green rice is finished by hand: dried, parched over a fire, danced on to loosen the hulls, then winnowed in a tray. About **100** pounds of green rice make about **40** pounds of finished rice: every **10** pounds make about **4** pounds.

Green rice (pounds)	10	20	50	____	130	200	____
Finished rice (about)	4	____	____	32	____	____	100

1. A family harvests **120** pounds of green rice. About how many pounds of finished rice will it make?

$$120 \div 10 \times 4 = 48$$

Example

48 pounds

2. Green rice is parched in a kettle, **6** pounds at a time. How many kettles of rice is **84** pounds?

____ kettles

3. After winnowing, a family has **56** pounds of finished rice. About how many pounds of green rice did they start with?

____ pounds

4. Five canoes each bring in **60** pounds of green rice. About how many pounds of finished rice will it all make?

____ pounds

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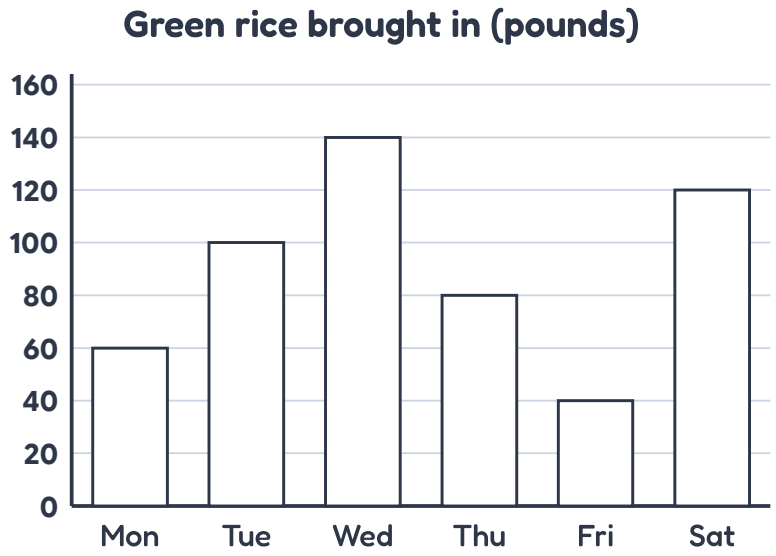
Wild Rice Harvest Math

Read the graph to fill in the table. Then answer.



Rice on a lake does not ripen all at once, so ricers go out again and again for three or four weeks. The graph shows the green rice one canoe brought in each day.

Day	Pounds
Monday	60
Tuesday	
Wednesday	
Thursday	
Friday	
Saturday	



1. **How many pounds of green rice did the canoe bring in that week?**

   _____ **pounds**

2. **How many more pounds came in on the best day than on the smallest day?**

   _____ **pounds**

3. **About how many pounds of finished rice will the week's rice make?**

   _____ **pounds**

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Name _____ Date _____



Wild Rice Harvest Math

Change pounds to ounces. Then solve each problem.



1 pound = 16 ounces.
Finished rice keeps for a long time. Families pack it in bags to eat through the year and to share.

Pounds	1	2	3	____	5	6	8	____
Ounces	16	____	____	64	____	____	____	160

1. A bag holds **2** pounds **8** ounces of finished rice. How many ounces is that?

$$2 \times 16 + 8 = 40$$

Example **40** ounces

2. A family packs **96** ounces of rice into 1-pound bags. How many bags do they fill?

____ bags

3. Three pounds of rice are shared equally by **4** families. How many ounces does each family get?

____ ounces

4. One bag holds **1** pound **12** ounces. Another holds **2** pounds **6** ounces. How much rice is there in all?

____ pounds ____ ounces

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Name _____ Date _____



Wild Rice Harvest Math

Divide. Think about what the remainder means.



After you divide, ask what the remainder means. Do we need one more bag or trip? Do we count only the full ones? Or do we say how much is left over?

1. A family has **50** pounds of finished rice to put into 4-pound bags. How many bags can they fill all the way?

   50 ÷ 4 = 12 R 2

   Example

   12 full bags

2. A family parches **38** pounds of green rice, **5** pounds at a time. How many times must they fill the kettle to parch it all?

   _____ times

3. **29** ricers come to the lake, and **2** ricers go in each canoe. How many canoes do they need so everyone can go?

   _____ canoes

4. **75** pounds of rice are shared equally by **6** families. How many whole pounds does each family get? How many are left?

   _____ each, _____ left over

5. A family winnows **44** pounds of rice, **3** pounds in each tray. How many trays of rice must they winnow to do it all?

   _____ trays

6. A rice camp fills 8-pound bags from **100** pounds of finished rice. How many full bags? How many pounds are left?

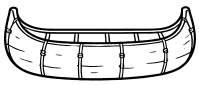
   _____ bags, _____ pounds left

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Wild Rice Harvest Math

Multiply and divide the harvest. Fill in the table, then solve.



Two ricers share a canoe. One stands and pushes it with a long pole. The other sits and brushes ripe grain into the canoe with two cedar sticks called knockers. A good day can bring in **100** pounds of green rice.

Green rice brought in on one day

Canoes	Pounds in each canoe	Pounds in all
3	64	192
4	85	340
6	72	432
5	98	490
7	115	805
8	45	360
9	120	1,080

1. Two ricers bring in **86** pounds of green rice a day. How many pounds do they bring in over **7** days?

Example

86 × 7 = 602

602 pounds

2. A rice camp's **8** canoes bring in **768** pounds of green rice in one day, the same in each canoe. How many pounds does each canoe bring in?

768 ÷ 8 = 96

96 pounds

3. A push pole is about **17** feet long. How many inches long is it? (1 foot = **12** inches)

17 × 12 = 204

204 inches

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Wild Rice Harvest Math

Change green rice to finished rice. Then solve.



Green rice is finished by hand: dried, parched over a fire, danced on to loosen the hulls, then winnowed in a tray. About **100** pounds of green rice make about **40** pounds of finished rice: every **10** pounds make about **4** pounds.

Green rice (pounds)	10	20	50	80	130	200	250
Finished rice (about)	4	8	20	32	52	80	100

1. A family harvests **120** pounds of green rice. About how many pounds of finished rice will it make?

$$120 \div 10 \times 4 = 48$$

Example

48 pounds

2. Green rice is parched in a kettle, **6** pounds at a time. How many kettles of rice is **84** pounds?

$$84 \div 6 = 14$$

14 kettles

3. After winnowing, a family has **56** pounds of finished rice. About how many pounds of green rice did they start with?

$$56 \div 4 \times 10 = 140$$

140 pounds

4. Five canoes each bring in **60** pounds of green rice. About how many pounds of finished rice will it all make?

$$5 \times 60 \div 10 \times 4 = 120$$

120 pounds

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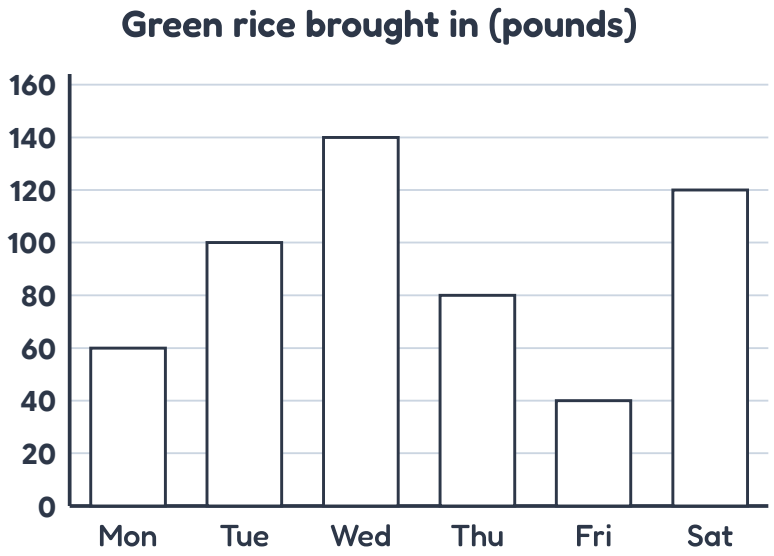
Wild Rice Harvest Math

Read the graph to fill in the table. Then answer.



Rice on a lake does not ripen all at once, so ricers go out again and again for three or four weeks. The graph shows the green rice one canoe brought in each day.

Day	Pounds
Monday	60
Tuesday	100
Wednesday	140
Thursday	80
Friday	40
Saturday	120



1. How many pounds of green rice did the canoe bring in that week?

   540 pounds

2. How many more pounds came in on the best day than on the smallest day?

   140 − 40 = 100

   100 pounds

3. About how many pounds of finished rice will the week's rice make?

   54 × 4 = 216

   216 pounds

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Wild Rice Harvest Math

Change pounds to ounces. Then solve each problem.



1 pound = 16 ounces.
Finished rice keeps for a long time. Families pack it in bags to eat through the year and to share.

Pounds	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	10
Ounces	16	32	48	64	80	96	128	160

1. A bag holds **2** pounds **8** ounces of finished rice. How many ounces is that?

$2 \times 16 + 8 = 40$

Example

40 ounces

2. A family packs **96** ounces of rice into 1-pound bags. How many bags do they fill?

$96 \div 16 = 6$

6 bags

3. Three pounds of rice are shared equally by **4** families. How many ounces does each family get?

$48 \div 4 = 12$

12 ounces

4. One bag holds **1** pound **12** ounces. Another holds **2** pounds **6** ounces. How much rice is there in all?

$28 + 38 = 66$

4 pounds **2** ounces

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Wild Rice Harvest Math

Divide. Think about what the remainder means.



After you divide, ask what the remainder means. Do we need one more bag or trip? Do we count only the full ones? Or do we say how much is left over?

1. A family has **50** pounds of finished rice to put into 4-pound bags. How many bags can they fill all the way?

   50 ÷ 4 = 12 R 2

   Example

   12 full bags

2. A family parches **38** pounds of green rice, **5** pounds at a time. How many times must they fill the kettle to parch it all?

   38 ÷ 5 = 7 R 3

   8 times

3. **29** ricers come to the lake, and **2** ricers go in each canoe. How many canoes do they need so everyone can go?

   29 ÷ 2 = 14 R 1

   15 canoes

4. **75** pounds of rice are shared equally by **6** families. How many whole pounds does each family get? How many are left?

   75 ÷ 6 = 12 R 3

   12 each, **3** left over

5. A family winnows **44** pounds of rice, **3** pounds in each tray. How many trays of rice must they winnow to do it all?

   44 ÷ 3 = 14 R 2

   15 trays

6. A rice camp fills 8-pound bags from **100** pounds of finished rice. How many full bags? How many pounds are left?

   100 ÷ 8 = 12 R 4

   12 bags, **4** pounds left

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